Guiding Questions

- 1. Why does the U.S. have a two-party system and why are there minor parties as well?
- 2. What are the various roles that political parties play in the nomination, election, and governing functions of our system?
- 3. How are candidates nominated to run for office and how are they elected?
- 4. What role do interest groups, money, and media play in elections?

Reading Schedule

4/26 Thursday: Chapter 5.1

4/30 Monday: Chapter 7.1

5/1 Tuesday: Chapter 7.2

5/2 Wednesday: Chapter 9.2

5/3 Thursday: Chapter 8.3

Quiz: Tuesday, May 8th (JUNIORS ONLY!)

Be familiar with the following terms, their importance and their use: Political spectrum, partisanship, single-member district, plurality, bipartisan, consensus, watchdog, bonding agent, ideological party, single-issue party, economic protest party, splinter party, nomination, general election, caucus, direct primary, closed primary, open primary, run-off primary, ballot, coattail effect, early voting, vote-by-mail, trade associations, labor groups, agricultural groups, professional associations, issue-oriented groups, religious organizations, public-interest groups, public agenda, sound-bites

Be able to answer the guiding questions